# Paul's Post-Acts Epistles

# **NEW TESTAMENT BOOKS**

MATTHEW	ROMANS	<b>1 TIMOTHY</b>	<b>JAMES</b>
MARK	<b>1 CORINTHIANS</b>	2 TIMOTHY	<b>1 PETER</b>
LUKE	2 CORINTHIANS	TITUS	2 PETER
JOHN	GALATIANS	PHILEMON	1 JOHN
	EPHESIANS		2 JOHN
THE ACTS	PHILIPPIANS	HEBREWS	3 JOHN
	COLOSSIANS		JUDE
	<b>1 THESSALONIANS</b>		
	<b>2 THESSALONIANS</b>		REVELATION

JOHN	<b>1 CORINTHIANS</b>
ACTS	ROMANS
ROMANS	ACTS
<b>1 CORINTHIANS</b>	JOHN

#### NT BOOKS NOT IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER

#### There were no NT books written

#### while Jesus was alive on the earth

## They are all written FOR us

### But they are not all written TO us



## **GENTILES**

# Read the address on the envelope !

What OT Scriptures are quoted ! Look at the context !

#### A Prologue: Miles Coverdale to the Christian Reader (excerpt)

Now will I exhort thee (whosoever thou be that readest scripture) if thou find ought therein that thou understandest not, or that appeareth to be repugnant, give no temeritous nor hasty judgment thereof: but ascribe it to thine own ignorance, not to the scripture, think that thou understandest it not, or that it hath some other meaning, or that it is happly overseen of the interpreters, or wrongly printed. Again, it shall greatly help thee to understand scripture, if thou mark not only what is spoken or written, but of whom, and unto whom, with what words, at what time, where, to what intent, with what circumstance, considering what goeth before, and what followeth after.



Those who ascribe to the principle of right division of the word of truth understand that the Apostle Paul was appointed as the apostle to the Gentiles while the twelve Apostles were appointed to Israel.

And the Apostle Paul was given two distinct and separate ministries: one pertaining to Gentiles associated with Israel's hope and another pertaining to Gentiles not associated with Israel's hope.

# "The Acts" Period A.D. 29 to A.D. 64 35 Years (7x5)

#### **18 Books**

#### Written

Expressed in Acts 3:13-26

Many believe that the Book of the Revelation was the only Scripture written after the end of the Acts.

Many believe that the apostle Paul was beheaded at the end of his two years in prison at Rome.

Since the books of the Bible have not dates, many take no account of the order and time when the NT books were written. Many Christians ask the question:

## What pertains to us today?

The Bible seems to end abruptly at the end of The Acts, and then jumps to the future in Revelation.

What about the present time?

The order and times in which each book of the NT was written is important to the understanding of its context and teaching.

Howbeit, it is partly left to personal opinion and conjecture, and relative to the depth of spiritual study that the student undertakes.

The only way to understand what part(s) of the Bible pertains to us today, is to understand what happened at the end of The Acts and what was written after the end of The Acts A major consideration is to understand what happened at the end of The Acts.

God set aside all His dealings with Israel and declared Israel to become Lo-Ammi according to prophecies of Hosea.

The kingdom ministry of the Twelve Apostles ended

All the nations of the world are now included in the salvation message of God.

A secret dispensation that was never before revealed was revealed to the apostle Paul to complete the Word of God.

#### NEW

#### TESTAMENT

#### **Acts Period**

#### **Post-Acts Period**

ACTS PERIOD				
Matthew	Galatians	James Acts		
Mark	1 Thessalonians	Jude		
Luke	2 Thessalonians	1 John		
	Hebrews	2 John		
Revelation	1 Corinthians	3 John		
	2 Corinthians	1 Peter		
	Romans	2 Peter		

#### **POST-ACTS PERIOD**

#### John

#### Paul

Gospel of John 1 Timothy Titus Philippians Philemon Ephesians Colossians 2 Timothy It is important to note:

- The Apostle Paul wrote more in the NT than any other writer.
- The Apostle Paul wrote seven epistles in both periods.
- The Apostle Paul and his writings are should be the subjects of importance in Bible studies.
- The Gospel of John is the authorized message of God's salvation to the world today.
- The post-Acts epistles of Paul contain the doctrine and practice for today the believer in the present age.
- Prior to Paul's Prison Epistles there is no "church doctrine".
- Without Paul's post-Acts writings, the Bile is complete for Israel.
- The post-Acts epistles do not pertain to Israel's future.

I believe the Book of The Acts was completed shortly after the end of the Acts but concerns Israel.

I believe the Gospel of John was written shortly after the end of Acts for this age and the future.

After the end of The Acts, I believe that Paul wrote two epistles while being free from prison and five epistles while in later and final prison. What do Paul's writings after The Acts tell us about Paul's post-Acts journey and ministry?

# The order and place of Paul's Prison Epistles have NO affect on the doctrine they teach.

A whole new dimension is added to your bible Studies if you have an order in mind when studying these books and their doctrine.

#### Scriptures do not directly tell us what happened to the apostle Paul at the end of The Acts

Again, it is left to <u>personal opinion</u> and <u>conjecture</u> as to when and where Paul's post-Acts epistles were written. One scenario followed by Welch, Baker, and others is that four Prison Epistles were written by Paul while in Rome,

two epistles were written after release from prison,

and one Prison Epistle was written in prison after Paul's reapprehension.

Are there any other post-Acts scenarios that are allowed by the scriptures?

In 2018 I embarked on a detailed study of my own to see what the Holy Spirit had to say to me about that question. At the time Paul wrote these later epistles, his addressees had already heard the mystery preached.

#### The use of the Greek aorist tense is a Key factor that favors this second Scenario.

That's another study in itself.

In order to develop a scenario, one must consider all the places and all the people that Paul mentions in these seven epistles.

A study of Roman history during this time period is very helpful.

Also, there are things that Paul plans or experiences that give clues to an order of his writings.

#### **Roman History**

Poppaea was Nero's second wife A.D. 62-65

Paul was in Rome A.D. 61-63

A.D. 62 Agrippa wanted a wall tore down that blocked his view of the Temple

A Jewish delegation of priests went to Rome on appeal.

Poppaea advocated for the Jews and convinced Nero to save the wall.

Poppaea's favor of the Jews could have allowed Paul's release in A.D. 63 While Paul was free, Poppaea died, treatment of Jews changed in Rome. The great fire of Rome was in 64 A.D. for which the Jews were blamed. Paul's second imprisonment was different. Nero died in A.D. 68. Looking at the cities Paul mentions in his post-Acts epistles, one could simply draw a route on the map: from Rome, to Crete, to Ephesus, to Philippi, and back to Troas, while intending to go back to Philippi and to Ephesus and to Nicopolis. Any number of routes are possible.

2 Tim 4:13 The cloak that I left in Troas with Carpus...



Titus 1:5 For this cause I left thee in Crete...

Titus 3:12-13 be diligent to come unto me to Nicopolis..

1 Tim 1:3 As I besought thee to abide still in Ephesus

1 Tim 1:3 when I went into Macedonia (Philippi)

1 Tim 3:14 ... hoping to come unto thee shortly

1 Tim 4:13 Till I come, give attendance to reading...

Phil 1:26 by my coming to you again

Phil 1:27 whether I come and see you or else be absent

Phil 2:19 But I trust in the Lord Jesus to send timothy shortly unto you

Phil 2:24 But I trust in the Lord that I also myself shall come shortly

2 Tim 4:13 The cloak that I left at Troas with Carpus...

**Bishops, deacons, elders Are common to:** 

Timothy, Titus, and Philippians
Tim 3:1 bishop 3:8 deacons
Titus 1:5 elders 1:7 bishop
Phil 1:1 bishops and deacons

1 Timothy and Titus contain very little about the dispensation of the mystery and are transitional.

Keep in mind the major paradigm shift that took place at the end of The Acts.

Paul was trying to keep things in order under a new dispensation of God that included all people alike and without all the history and hopes of Israel.

When Paul writes back to the Philippians he has been apprehended again

- Phil 1:7 ...in my bonds...
- Phil 1:12 ...that the things which happened to me...
- Phil 1:13 ... so that in my bonds in Christ
- Phil 1:14 ...waxing confident in my bonds
- Phil 1:16 ....supposing to add affliction to my bonds...
- Phil 3:12 ...if that I may apprehend that for which also I am apprehended of Christ Jesus

Philippians lays the foundation on which Ephesians and Colossians are built.

2 Timothy puts the finishing touches on the building.

Phil 1:5 for your fellowship in the gospel from the first day until now

Phil 4:15 Now ye Philippians know also, that in the **beginning of the** (proclamation of the) **gospel**, when I departed Macedonia...

Phil 1:6 (The span of the present dispensation) Being confident of this very thing, that He that began a good work in you will perform it to the day of Jesus Christ (Col 3:4)

Phil 1:10 ...that we may be sincere and without offence Till the day of Christ

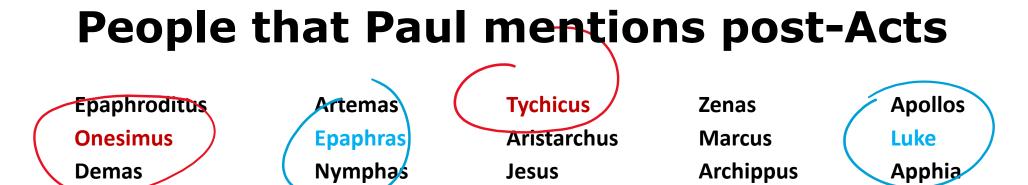
Phil 2:16 ... Holding forth the word of life: that I may rejoice in the day of Christ, that I have not run in vain... Paul was optimistic that he would be released from bonds.

As time went on it became apparent to Paul that he was not going to be released this time.

Paul's preference was to teach and preach this new message in person.

Paul was forced by his circumstances to put it down in writing.

So he wrote two letters to expound the doctrine and practice of the mystery of the body of Christ. (Ephesians and Colossians)



Prisca

Prudens

Aquila

Linus

**Erastus** 

Claudia

Many were others ministering with Paul.

Four are important to the scenario

Crescens

**Eubulus** 

Onesiphorus

Trophimus

Carpus



Was a minister in Colossae (Col 1:7, 4:12)

Came to visit Paul in prison.

Was imprisoned with Paul (Philemon 1:23)

Passed through Ephesus and met with Timothy on the way to visit Paul. (2 Tim 1:15)

Told Paul that all those in Asia were being turned away from Paul's teaching.

Told Paul that Timothy was struggling in Ephesus.

#### **Tychicus and Onesimus**

The epistles to the Ephesians, Colossians and Philemon were delivered by Tychicus and Onesimus

Eph 6:21-22 Tychicus

**Col 4:7-9 Tychicus and Onesimus** 

**Philemon delivered by Onesimus** 

Luke was the only one with Paul at the end of 2 Timothy (4:11)

Therefore, Luke must have written 2 Timothy

#### Paul's Prison Epistles

Philippians:	<sup>1:7</sup> inasmuch as both in <b>my bonds</b> , and in the defence and confirmation of the
	gospel
Philippians:	<sup>1:13</sup> so that <b>my bonds</b> in Christ are manifest in all the palace an in all other
	places
Philippians:	<sup>1:16</sup> supposing to add affliction to <b>my bonds</b>
Ephesians:	<sup>3:1</sup> For this cause I Paul, the <b>prisoner</b> of Jesus Christ for you Gentiles
Ephesians:	<sup>4:1</sup> I therefore, the <b>prisoner</b> of the Lord, beseech you
Colossians:	<sup>4:3</sup> to speak the mystery of Christ, for which I am also in bonds
Colossians:	<sup>4:18</sup> Remember <b>my bonds</b>
Philemon:	<sup>1</sup> Paul, a prisoner of Jesus Christ
Philemon:	<sup>9</sup> Paul the aged, and now also <b>a prisoner</b> of Jesus Christ
Philemon:	<sup>10</sup> Onesimus, whom I have begotten <b>in my bonds</b>
Philemon:	<sup>13</sup> unto me in <b>the bonds</b> of the gospel
2Timothy	<sup>1:8</sup> nor me His <b>prisoner</b>
2Timothy	<sup>2:9</sup> Wherein I suffer trouble, as an evil doer, even <b>unto bonds</b> ;

# The last books of the Bible that were penned were dictated by the Apostle Paul from prison.

- Philippians1:26by my coming to you again1:27whether I come and see youPhilemon1:22prepare me also a lodging
- Ephesians 6:19 I am an ambassador in bonds
- **Colossians** 1:25 to complete the word of God
- 2 Timothy 4:6 For I am now ready to be offered and the time of my departure is at hand.

#### What I learned:

Another scenario that is allowed by scriptures is that Paul was released from Roman confinement and returned to his old stomping grounds. While free, he wrote 1 Timothy and Titus from Macedonia. He was apprehended again after he visited the Philippians and before he wrote his epistle to the Philippians. When Paul realized he was not going to be released from prison this time, Paul was compelled to write Philemon, **Ephesians, Colossians, 2 Timothy.** 

The parts of the Bible that so important to the truth of the present time are the last books of the bible written by Paul after the end of the Acts:

## **Paul's post-Acts Epistles**

- 1 Timothy Ephesians
  - Colossians
- Philippians

2 Timothy

#### Philemon

Titus

The loftiest writings in the Bible and without a doubt the most important writings of all mankind are the **Prison Epistles of the Apostle Paul** which are the portion of the Bible written directly to all believers today and contain the doctrine of **The Body of Christ** 

for the present time